1	COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
2	FOR
3	Senate Bill No. 464
4	(By Senators Stollings, Beach, Wells, Kessler (Mr. President),
5	Yost and Unger)
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8	[Originating in the Committee on Health and Human Resources;
9	reported March 13, 2013.]
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13	A BILL to amend the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, by
14	adding thereto a new article, designated §16-45-1, §16-45-2,
15	§16-45-3, §16-45-4, §16-45-5 and §16-45-6, all relating
16	generally to regulation of tanning facilities; defining terms;
17	setting forth requirements for registration, inspection and
18	obtaining a permit; requiring a consent form; setting forth
19	consent form language; creating operating standards;
20	prohibiting the use of tanning devices by anyone under the age
21	of eighteen; granting rule-making authority to the Department
22	of Health and Human Resources to regulate tanning facilities;
23	setting forth minimum requirements for the rule; allowing
24	fees; and establishing criminal penalties.

1 Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

2 That the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended 3 by adding thereto a new article, designated §16-45-1, §16-45-2, 4 §16-45-3, §16-45-4, §16-45-5 and §16-45-6, all to read as follows: 5 ARTICLE 45. TANNING FACILITIES.

6 **§16-45-1**. Definitions.

7 As used in this article:

8 (1) "Photo therapy device" means a device used for exposure to 9 daylight or to specific wavelengths of light using lasers, 10 light-emitting diodes, fluorescent lamps, dichroic lamps or very 11 bright, full-spectrum light, usually controlled with various 12 devices.

13 (2) "Tanning device" means any equipment that emits radiation 14 used for tanning of the skin, such as a sun lamp, tanning booth or 15 tanning bed, and includes any accompanying equipment, such as 16 protective eye wear, timers and handrails.

(3) "Tanning facility" means any commercial location, place, la area, structure or business where a tanning device is used for a l9 fee, membership dues or other compensation.

20 §16-45-2. Registration requirements; inspections by local boards
 of health; posting of permit power of local board of

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health to order facility to close.

(a) On or after July 1, 2014, any tanning facility located in24 this state shall obtain a business registration certificate and

1 shall register with the local board of health, request an 2 inspection of the facility and obtain an operating permit before 3 engaging in the business of a tanning facility.

4 (b) Each local board of health shall conduct annual 5 inspections of tanning facilities to determine compliance with this 6 article.

7 (c) Upon a determination by the board that the tanning 8 facility is in compliance with the provisions of this article, the 9 board shall issue to the tanning facility an operating permit, 10 which shall be posted in a conspicuous place in the tanning 11 facility, clearly visible to the general public.

12 (d) Upon a determination by the board that any tanning 13 facility is not in compliance with the provisions of this article, 14 or the rules promulgated hereunder, the board may order the tanning 15 facility to cease operations until such time as the board 16 determines that the tanning facility is in compliance.

(e) Nothing in this article may be construed as prohibiting any health care provider licensed under chapter thirty of this code from performing any action within the scope of his or her practice that results in prescribing the use of a photo therapy device to a patient regardless of the patient's age for treatment of a medical condition.

23 §16-45-3. Operation standards.

24 (a) A tanning facility shall provide to any patron who wishes

1 to use a tanning device located within its tanning facility a 2 consent form relating to use of a tanning device that must include, 3 at a minimum, the following warning: "Repeated exposure or 4 overexposure in a tanning device may cause health problems 5 including, but not limited to, burns, eye damage, skin sensitivity, 6 premature aging of the skin or skin cancer. Any person who takes 7 a prescription or over-the-counter medication should consult a 8 physician before using a tanning device." The consent form must 9 have a place for the patron's signature and the date. A signed and 10 dated copy of the consent form shall be maintained by the tanning 11 facility and remains valid for one year from the date it was 12 signed.

(b) All patrons are required to present proof of age prior to 14 use of a tanning device. Proof of age shall be satisfied with a 15 driver's license or other government-issued identification 16 containing the date of birth and a photograph of the individual. 17 Persons under the age of eighteen may not be permitted to use a 18 tanning device.

19 §16-45-4. Rules to be proposed by the Department of Health and 20 Human Resources.

The Bureau for Public Health within the Department of Health and Human Resources shall propose rules for legislative approval in accordance with the provisions of article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code to regulate tanning facilities. The

1 rules shall provide at a minimum:

2 (1) General physical requirements for facilities and 3 equipment, including requirements for ventilation and lighting;

4 (2) Record-keeping requirements;

5 (3) Requirements for the posting of warning signs about the 6 dangers inherent in the use of a tanning device;

7 (4) Proper sanitation of a tanning facility and a tanning 8 device including a requirement that the tanning device be cleaned 9 immediately prior to each use;

10 (5) Proper maintenance and operation of a tanning device 11 including accuracy and placement of a timing device;

12 (6) The use of protective eye wear provided by the tanning 13 facility and the proper storage and cleanliness of the eye wear; 14 and

15 (7) Require that patrons be limited to using the tanning 16 device to the exposure limits set by the manufacturer of the 17 tanning device.

18 **§16-45-5.** Fees.

19 Local health departments may charge fees to a tanning facility 20 in accordance with their existing fee schedule.

21 §16-45-6. Violations and penalties.

(a) Any owner of a tanning facility who does not obtain a West Virginia business registration certificate, who does not register with the local board of health or who fails to request an

1 inspection pursuant to section two of this article is guilty of a
2 misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, for a first offense,
3 shall be fined §500.

4 (b) For a second offense, the owner is guilty of a misdemeanor 5 and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than \$1,000 6 nor more than \$2,000 or be confined in the regional jail for not 7 less than ten days nor more than one year, or both fined and 8 confined.

9 (c) For a third offense the owner is guilty of a misdemeanor 10 and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than §2,000 11 nor more than §5,000 or be confined in the regional jail not less 12 than thirty days nor more than one year, or both fined and 13 confined.

14 (d) For a third or subsequent offense, the local health 15 department may also suspend or revoke the owner's business 16 registration certificate to operate a tanning facility.

(NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to regulate tanning facilities and establish criminal penalties for violations.

Article 16-45-1 *et seq.* is new; therefore, strike-throughs and underscoring have been omitted.)